



Statement of Purpose

AIMS AND OBJECTIVES

- To provide total bespoke healthcare with service excellence at its core.
- To provide open and accurate information about our performance as a hospital in terms of medical outcomes, patient satisfaction and pricing to enable prospective patients to make a fully informed choice of hospital.
- To provide our self-pay patients with a fully detailed fixed price at the time of booking.
- To welcome comment and feedback from all our patients, to always respond and continually learn.

REGISTERED PROVIDER AND REGISTERED MANAGER

St Joseph's Hospital is owned by St Joseph's Hospital Ltd.

The Registered Provider is Mr Stuart Hammond, Chief Executive, who is responsible for overseeing the management of the hospital. He has over 16 years hospital management experience at a senior level as both a Registered Manager and Responsible Individual. He is a management accountant with 25 years' experience in healthcare and is an alumnus of the King's Fund TMP Program for Senior Managers in Healthcare.

The Registered Manager is Mrs Jan Green, Director of Clinical Services. Jan has a comprehensive skill set having had over 40 years' experience at both senior managerial and clinical levels in the NHS and Private healthcare sectors. She is responsible in developing and promotion of the clinical service providing high standards of patient care and customer service.

Jan provides a highly visible, accessible and responsive presence for which families and staff can turn to for assistance and professional advice and support. She co-ordinates the dissemination, introduction and implementation of policies and procedures; ensures compliance with regulatory requirements and acts as the safeguarding lead for the hospital. Leads on infection prevention and control strategy.

Jan acts as deputy hospital director/CEO/RO in their absence.

Contact number for both Mr Hammond and Mrs Green is 01633 820300

Address: Harding Avenue, Malpas, Newport, NP20 6ZE

The Hospital is dedicated to the total care of the patient and provides healthcare and services in line with Health Care Inspectorate Wales (HIW). HIW is the registered body and ensures that the standard of care and provision of service is in line with their directives.

St Joseph's employs approximately 190 members of permanent staff plus a range of bank staff to meet the demands of services. Staff in each department maintain and develop awareness of the current Health and Care Standards (2015) and aim to meet individual patients needs and concerns. The skills and competencies of staff at all levels are regularly monitored and continually developed.

NURSING STAFF

Nurses are recruited in accordance with the business needs of the Hospital using robust processes that ensure an appropriate and high level of skill is available within the departments. Professional registration is verified annually and continual professional development is actively encouraged ensuring nursing care remains valid and is of a standard that can be described as best practice.

Healthcare Assistants are similarly recruited and are both actively encouraged and supported to enhance the clinical skills necessary to afford a skilled nursing support service.

MEDICAL STAFF

The hospital has twenty-four-hour medical cover employed via an agency. The Resident Doctors supply evidence of registration, MDU, Hepatitis Status, Varicella and T.B., Advance Life Support Training, Paediatric Advance Life Support and a clear DBS.

Consultants requesting practising privileges at St Joseph's undergo a comprehensive application process to ensure they have the relevant qualifications and experience to practise in their field of expertise. All applicants are also required to undergo a Disclosure and Barring Service check.

Practising Privileges are granted by the Chief Executive Officer in conjunction with the Medical Director.

Annual Requirements

Each Consultant with practising privileges must provide evidence of the following on an annual basis.

- Continuing Professional Development
- Publications
- Professional Indemnity
- Hepatitis B Status
- Infection Control Training (if applicable)
- Confirmation of successful appraisal in the NHS (or other)
- New procedures undertaken

Confirmation that each Consultant is registered with a licence to practise is checked annually through the GMC website.

The Chairperson of the Clinical Governance Advisory Board and Medical Director of the NHS liaise regarding suspensions or restriction in practice. The Registered Manager will be informed.

ALLIED HEALTH PROFESSIONALS

Pharmacists, Radiographers and Physiotherapists have a programme of Continuous Professional Development in line with their own professional bodies. They maintain a record of their CPD on an annual basis, and HCPC registration numbers are checked annually.

SUPPORT STAFF

Our Catering team produce healthy wholesome food to ensure the dietary needs of patients are met. All catering staff are trained in food handling.

Housekeeping staff provide an excellent service to maintain high standards of cleanliness in both clinical and non-clinical areas.

Facilities and Maintenance staff are always on hand to ensure the smooth running of the hospital's facilities and equipment.

FINANCE

The Finance Department is managed by the Finance Director and appropriately staffed. An independent financial audit takes place annually.

FACILITIES AND SERVICES

In-patients

St Joseph's Hospital is registered with Healthcare Inspectorate Wales (HIW) to provide in patient care for up to 36 patients.

There are 18 post-operative beds on St. Patricks Ward, 8 beds on St. Andrews Ward and 10 beds on St Anne's. The majority of rooms are single occupancy with en-suite facilities.

Theatres

The wards support 2 operating theatres which are equipped with laminar flow. Theatres are equipped with up to date equipment which is maintained and reviewed regularly. The recovery room within the theatre department can accommodate up to four patients. There are also facilities for High Dependency patients in the Recovery area.

SURGICAL SPECIALTIES INCLUDE:

- Orthopaedics
- General Surgery
- Colorectal Surgery
- Gynaecology
- Bone Marrow Harvest
- Ophthalmology
- Urology
- ENT
- Cosmetic Surgery
- Bariatric Surgery

HoLEP Laser procedure

Holmium Laser Enucleation of the Prostate is an endoscopic surgical procedure used to treat patients suffering from urinary retention of benign prostate enlargement. It can be used for patients where Transurethral Resection of Prostate (TURP) is inappropriate and avoids more complex surgery. In view of its low complication rate, the procedure can be carried out as a day case. The procedure is carried out by Mr Chris Bates, Consultant Urologist who is very experienced in this area. The Laser is hired when needed. Staff are appropriately trained and local rules are followed.

Ambulatory Care Unit

Two ambulatory lounges offer facilities for pre and post procedure care for patients undergoing endoscopy or cataract surgery. Both lounges have adjoining consulting rooms to allow consultations to take place in privacy.

Welsh Bone Marrow Donor Registry

St. Joseph's Hospital has a contract with the Welsh Bone Marrow Donor Registry (WBMDR). We offer a service providing medical assessments to potential stem cell and bone marrow donors. We also harvest stem cells and bone marrow from donors which help people all around the world.

Outpatients

The Outpatients Department provides comprehensive quality care for patients and users of our services. Facilities include seven consulting rooms, a minor procedures room, treatment room and plaster room. It is led by experienced nursing and administrative staff who support a wide range of consultants from the following specialities.

- Audiology
- Breast care - Nurse led clinic within the heart of the main hospital, offering state of the art diagnostics in comfortable and private environment.
- Cardiology - offers diagnostic services as well as Consultant opinion and Cardiac Physiology input.
- Clinical Neurophysiology
- Cosmetic surgery
- Dermatology
- Diabetes and Endocrinology
- ENT
- Gastroenterology
- General surgery
- Gynaecology
- Haematology
- Nephrology
- Neurology
- Neurosurgery

- Ophthalmology suite in the main hospital
- Oral and Maxillofacial surgery.
- Orthopaedics
- Pain Management
- Respiratory Medicine
- Rheumatology
- Urology
- Vascular surgery

Physiotherapy

St Joseph's Hospital provides a specialist led physiotherapy and hydrotherapy Centre. Offering rapid access to physiotherapy, we provide treatment delivered by our dedicated and experienced team of chartered physiotherapists. Covering a range of service provisions, each area is led by a clinical specialist within that field of expertise including

- Post-traumatic and post-surgical conditions
- Back and neck injuries
- Rheumatoid and arthritic conditions
- Orthopaedic conditions such as knee and hip replacement
- Whiplash associated disorders
- Lower back pain including sciatica
- Shoulder and upper limb injuries
- Pelvic floor and gynaecological conditions
- Pre and post-natal pelvic pain conditions
- Hand and wrist injuries
- Orthotics and foot biomechanics

The Centre features a fully equipped hydrotherapy pool. Measuring 40 square metres and maintained up to 35 degrees centigrade, the pool is accessible to a wide range of patients with variable levels of mobility via access to hoist equipment and offering disabled changing facilities. Variable depth levels allow for rehabilitation using both water buoyancy and resistance to assist with balance, joint movement and muscle strength.

Advanced Diagnostics

Our hospital is able to provide MRI, CT, Fluoroscopy, Ultrasound, mammography and X-Ray.

Pharmacy

We have an on-site Pharmacy advising and dispensing medication to inpatients. The pharmacy team can also fulfil outpatient and GP prescriptions.

Pathology

Off-site laboratories enable prompt investigation results to support diagnosis and treatment.

CHILDREN & YOUNG PEOPLE SERVICES

- St. Joseph's Hospital will not operate upon people who are younger than 16 years of age.
- St. Joseph's Hospital does provide an outpatient service to under 16 year olds but invasive procedures will not be performed on those below the age of 12 unless emergency circumstances dictate otherwise or if the procedure is being performed by one of the Independent GP's with the necessary competency to undertake that procedures. (0-16yrs)
- Diagnostics can be performed on children with general non-invasive imaging and MRI from 6 years of age. Ultrasound can be completed from 18 months on approval from the Radiologist.
- Physiotherapy will treat children under the age of 16 years for muscular-skeletal conditions with a parental/guardian chaperone but do not have a paediatric specialist physiotherapy service.

The RMO holds paediatric advanced life support (PALS) accreditation.

SEEKING PATIENT'S VIEWS

At St. Joseph's Hospital our patients experience is paramount and we are keen to listen to what our patients think of our services. Our patient's opinion is incorporated in our service development.

We listen to patients in the following ways:

- Patient Satisfaction Questionnaire – response rates are monitored and results of the surveys are discussed at multidisciplinary Patient Experience Group meetings.
- St. Joseph's Hospital is a member of PHIN – the Private Health Information Network. This not for profit organisation is an independent, government-mandated source of information about private healthcare. It allows patients to make better-informed choices of care provider. We provide anonymous data about every privately funded patient encounter including results of our patient satisfaction questionnaires (www.phin.org.uk)

VISITORS

The private in- patient rooms at St. Joseph's Hospital allow us to operate an open visiting policy. Due to the communal facilities in Ambulatory Care, relatives are welcomed, explained of the process but kindly asked to wait in the waiting room or hospital cafe.

COMPLAINTS

Complaints received in writing are acknowledged within two working days of receipt of the complaint. A full response will normally be made within twenty working days of receipt. Where the investigation is still in progress a letter explaining the reason for the delay will be sent and a full response made within five working days of completion of the investigation.

There is a Complaints Procedure for the hospital to enable complaints to be dealt with in a prompt and effective manner.

Our Patient Guides outline that we will endeavour to assist with any complaints. The leaflet also outlines the procedure to be followed and states that any abuse of staff cannot be tolerated and will also be reportable.

The hospital has an independent advocate for patients arranged with the Independent Sector Complaints Adjudication Service (ISCAS).

Staff are able to raise concerns via the hospitals protective disclosure and whistleblowing policy or via HIW as a “prescribed body” under the whistleblowing laws, so employees, former employees, temporary agency staff or contractors who bring us concerns about their employer’s activities can have some protection for their employment rights.

In order to give patients an opportunity to air their dissatisfaction with the Service, the following is in place.

- In each patient room the procedure of “How to make a Complaint”, is available.
- In all waiting areas the same procedure is available.
- Comment Cards are available in all waiting areas for patients and families to use suggestion boxes are located throughout the Hospital.
- Senior Staff are available to see patients on request.

Complaints relating to patients treated under the NHS contract unless otherwise agreed with the NHS referrer are handled according to the requirements of the NHS Complaints Procedure. The NHS procedure calls for local resolution initially; however, where a serious complaint is made by a NHS patient, the NHS referrer should always be advised.

Please refer to Complaints Policy and Procedure ORG/006

Protective disclosure and Whistleblowing policy ORG/35

Whistleblowing raising concerns about healthcare in Wales: Advice for healthcare workers
HIW policy document.

PRIVACY & DIGNITY

Privacy and dignity is embedded in the care delivered to patients, as well as in the environment in which that care is delivered.

Responsibility for protecting and promoting privacy and dignity does not lie with one individual or group, but with all staff at every level.

St. Joseph's Hospital ensures that all patients are treated with respect and as equals. Inpatients are allocated, in the majority of cases, an individual room with en-suite facilities or a shared room with a patient of the same sex.

All staff are respectful of the individual patient's cultural, religious and ethnic beliefs. Staff have undertaken GDPR awareness training to ensure personal information on patients remains secure. More information is available in the hospital's Privacy and Dignity policy.

INSPECTION DEPARTMENT

Regulation Team
Health Care Inspectorate Wales
Welsh Government
Rhydycar Business Park
Merthyr Tydfil
CF48 1UZ

Telephone: 0300 062 8163

Appendix I

Specialty & Treatment list

Advanced diagnostics

- 4D parathyroid CT imaging
- Abdomen/pelvic ultrasound
- Abdomen x-ray
- Antenatal ultrasound scan.
- Aortic aneurysm screening
- Arterial duplex scan
- Calcium score
- Cardiac echo
- Carotid Doppler
- Chest x-ray
- Coronary heart calcium score
- CT abdomen and pelvis
- CT and MR small bowel (instead of barium follow through)
- CT bones
- CT brain
- CT carotid/cerebral angiogram
- CT chest
- CT colonography
- CT coronary angiography
- CT fluoroscopy guided chest lump biopsy
- CT KUB
- CT/MRI adrenal glands
- CT/MRI brain
- CT petrous-temporal bones
- CT sinuses
- CT urogram
- Echocardiogram
- Epidural
- Fluoroscopic injections
- Fluoroscopy for barium swallow
- Hernia ultrasound
- HRCT chest
- Hystero-salpingogram fluoroscopy
- Inflation of gastric balloon
- KUB x-rays
- Liver and abdominal ultrasound
- Mammography
- MRCP – biliary tree
- MRI abdomen
- MRI bladder
- MRI brain

- MRI cardiac scans
- MRI/CT arthrograms
- MRI investigation and staging of neck cancers
- MRI joints
- MRI kidneys
- MRI pelvis
- MRI prostate cancer screening and staging
- MRI rectum
- Orbital CT/MRI
- Parathyroid ultrasound
- Pituitary CT/MRI
- Pituitary MRI
- Plain x-ray
- Quantitative CT bone density
- Spine MRI
- Thyroid ultrasound +/- FNA
- Ultrasound prostate biopsy
- Ultrasound renal tract
- US joints and injections and aspirations
- US guided pleural aspiration
- US neck lumps and FNA
- US prostate
- US testicular
- US thyroid and FNA
- Vein mapping
- Venous duplex for DVT
- Venous duplex scans
- Sentinel node biopsy
- Stress views
- TV ultrasound
- Ultrasound breast
- Ultrasound guided aspirations and injections
- Wire localisation under x-ray
- X-ray

Audiology

- Ear syringe and microsuction
- Hearing aid advice and fitting
- Hearing loss management

BreastCare

- Aspiration of cyst under ultrasound
- Biopsy breast under ultrasound
- Biopsy of breast with mammographic tomosynthesis guidance
- Mammography
- Sentinel node injection (RGH)

- Ultrasound breast
- Wire localisation under Ultrasound or mammography guidance

Breast Surgery

- Wide local excision of breast lesions
- Mastectomy +/-reconstruction
- Breast reduction
- Breast augmentation
- Internal bra mesh for breast reconstruction
- Sentinel node biopsy.

Cardiology

- Ambulatory blood pressure monitoring
- Ambulatory electrocardiogram (ECG) monitoring
- Coronary angiography (RGH)
- Echocardiogram
- Electrocardiogram (ECG)
- Implantation of loop recorder (RGH)
- Pacemaker implantation
- Stress Echocardiogram (RGH)
- Trans oesophageal echocardiography (RGH)

Vascular Surgery

- Ablation of veins (Vnus)
- Aortic aneurysm screening
- Arterial duplex scan
- Long/short veins
- Microsclerotherapy
- Portacath insertion
- Ultrasound guided foam sclerotherapy of varicose veins
- Vein mapping

Clinical Neurophysiology

- Consultation

Clinical Psychology

- Consultation

Cosmetic Surgery

- Abdominoplasty (tummy tuck)
- Blepharoplasty
- Breast enlargement (augmentation)
- Breast implant removal
- Breast reduction
- Breast uplift
- Canthoplexy

- Pinnaplasty (ear reshaping)
- Earlobe reduction
- Facelift
- Implant exchange
- Inverted nipple correction
- Liposuction
- Rhinoplasty (nose reshaping)
- Scar revision
- Transgender chest reconstruction

Dermatology

- Allergy testing (RGH)
- Axillary botulinum toxic 'Botox' injections for excess sweating (hyperhidrosis)
- Dermoscopy as part of skin lesion diagnosis for screening possible malignant melanoma
- Electro-cautery for benign facial skin changes
- Excision of basal cell carcinoma
- Excision of squamous cell carcinoma
- Lumpectomy
- Mole removal
- Skin graft
- Skin lesion excision biopsy
- Skin lesion removal
- Skin tag removal
- Tri-chloro-acetic acid therapy for eyelid xanthelasma

ENT

- Adenoid removal
- Endoscopic examination of pharynx
- Epistaxis (nose bleeds) management
- Functional endoscopic sinus surgery
- Hoarseness diagnosis and treatment
- Laser stapedotomy
- Mastoid surgery
- Mastoidectomy
- Micro laryngoscopy
- Myringotomy
- Myringoplasty
- Nasal blockage surgery (polyps and deviated nasal septum)
- Pan endoscopy
- Pinnaplasty (ear reshaping)
- Polypectomy
- Septo rhinoplasty
- Submucal dissection
- Tonsillectomy (tonsil removal)

Gastroenterology (including weight loss)

- Adjustable gastric band surgery
- Colonoscopy
- Endoscopic ultrasound
- Endoscopic surveillance for Barrett's Oesophagus
- EUA rectum
- Flexible sigmoidoscopy
- Fluoroscopy for barium swallow
- Gastric balloon
- Gastroscopy
- Injection of haemorrhoids
- Intragastic balloon
- Laparoscopic hernia surgery
- Oesophageal dilatation
- Oesophagoscopy and biopsy
- Rigid sigmoidoscopy
- Therapeutic endoscopy
- Variceal banding

General Surgery

- Abdominal resection - anterior
- Abdominal resection - posterior
- Anal fistula
- Block dissection of axillary lymph nodes (axillary clearance)
- Cholecystectomy - abdominal
- Cholecystectomy - laparoscopic
- Colonoscopy
- Division of adhesions
- Excision of legion of anus
- Gastric sleeves
- Gastroscopy
- Haemorrhoidectomy
- Hernia repair surgery - hiatus
- Hernia repair surgery - incisional
- Incisional hernia
- Inguinal hernia
- Inguinal repair surgery
- Laparoscopic abdominal surgery
- Laparoscopic groin hernia repair
- Laparoscopic incisional hernia repair
- Laparoscopic umbilical/ventral hernia repair
- Laying open of lower anal fistula
- Mesh repair of femoral and recurrent inguinal hernias under local anaesthetic
- Nissan fundoplication
- Perineal repair of prolapse of the rectum (RAR)
- Pilonidal sinus

- Reconstructive bowel surgery
- Sigmoidoscopy
- Ultrasound guided haemorrhoidal artery ligation (HALO)
- Umbilical hernia
- Ventral hernia

Gynaecology

- Abdominal sacro-colpo/hysteropexy
- Adhesiolysis
- Amputation of cervix
- Colposcopy
- Cone biopsy
- Cystoscopy
- Cystoscopy excision of vaginal lesions
- Diagnostic hysteroscopy
- Diagnostic laparoscopy
- Dilation & curettage
- Endometrial ablation
- Anterior, posterior, enterocele repair
- Excision of ectopic bone
- Excision of lesion of the vulva
- Fibroids
- Hysterectomy - abdominal
- Hysterectomy - vaginal
- Hystero-salpingogram
- Hysteroscopy
- Laparoscopic excision of endometriosis
- Laparoscopic excision of ovarian cysts, masses and extensive adhesions
- Laparoscopic hysterectomy
- Laparoscopic myomectomy
- Laparoscopic supracervical hysterectomy
- Laparoscopic surgery for endometriosis
- Large loop excision of the transformation zone (LLETZ)
- Insertion of Mirena coil
- Office and advanced hysteroscopic surgery
- Ovarian cyst removal
- Pelvic floor repair – anterior
- Pelvic floor repair - posterior
- Pelvic ultrasound
- Perineal repairs
- Perineum operation
- Reproductive and tubal surgery
- Sacrospinous fixation for vaginal prolapse
- Tension free urethropexy
- Thermachoice
- Total laparoscopic hysterectomy

- Transobturator tape
- Transobductor tendon - anterior
- Transobductor tendon - posterior
- Transvaginal tendon - posterior
- Transvaginal tendon - anterior
- Vaginal and abdominal surgery

Haematology

- Bone marrow harvesting
- Diagnostic bone marrow examination
- Haemachromatography
- Therapeutic phlebotomy

Health Screening

- Health assessment screening

Interventional Radiology

- Arteriography
- Picc line insertion
- Porta-Cath insertion
- Radiologically inserted gastrostomy (RIG)

Ophthalmology

- Blepharoplasty
- Cataract removal surgery
- Correction of ectropion
- Correction of entropion
- Correction of ptosis of eye lid
- Correction of squint
- Drainage of conjunctival cyst
- Excision lesion of the eye lid
- Intravitreal injections for age related macular degeneration and diabetes
- Tearing eyes surgery

Oral & Maxillofacial

- Apesectomy
- Apicectomy
- Biopsy of lesion of the mouth
- Excision lesion of the lip
- Genioplasty (chin reconstruction)
- Transplantation of teeth
- Wisdom tooth removal

Orthopaedic Surgery

- AC joint decompression

- AC joint reconstruction
- Ankle arthroscopy
- Ankle fusion
- Ankle ligament repair
- Ankle replacement
- Arthroscopic decompression of patellar tendonitis
- Arthroscopic meniscal repair
- Bacjac
- Big toe cheilectomy
- Big toe joint fusion
- Biceps tendon repair
- Carpal Tunnel release
- Cervical disc replacement
- Chondroplasty
- Clavicle surgery
- Coccygectomy
- Collagenase (Xiapex) injection for Dupuytren's contracture
- Cruciate ligament reconstruction - anterior
- Cruciate ligament reconstruction – posterior
- CT bones
- Distal radius fracture fixation
- Dupuytren's contracture
- Elbow arthritis surgery
- Elbow arthroscopy
- Elbow ganglion excision
- Elbow replacement
- Excision of bursa of elbow
- Facet joint injection
- Fasciectomy and dermofasciectomy for Dupuytren's
- Finger joint replacement
- Fluoroscopic injection
- Foot bunion removal
- Foot surgery
- Fracture fixation surgery
- Frozen shoulder surgery
- Ganglion removal feet
- Ganglion removal hand and wrist
- Hand joint ligament repair
- Hand and wrist ligament reconstruction
- Hip arthroscopy
- Hip replacement
- Hip replacement revision surgery
- Hip resurfacing
- Image guided injections into joints
- In growing toe nail treatment
- Knee arthroscopy

- Knee cap joint replacement
- Knee cap stabilisation
- Knee cartilage surgery
- Knee realignment surgery
- Knee replacement
- Management of back pain
- Meniscal repair surgery
- Meniscal transplantation
- Microdiscectomy for disc prolapse
- Midfoot fusions
- Minimally invasive spinal procedures
- MRI/CT arthrogram
- MRI joints
- OK procedure of the elbow
- Osteochondral reconstruction of articular surface
- Partial knee replacement
- Pectoralis major tendon repair
- Plain x-ray
- PRP injection
- Repair of tibialis posterior tendon
- Rheumatoid hand and wrist joint operations
- Shoulder reverse polarity replacement
- Rheumatoid foot reconstruction
- Rotator cuff surgery
- Scaphoid fracture repair
- Scapular surgery
- Shoulder arthroscopic debridement
- Shoulder arthroscopic decompression
- Shoulder arthroscopic release
- Shoulder replacement
- Shoulder replacement revision surgery
- Shoulder stabilisation - Bankart repair
- Shoulder SLAP repair
- Shoulder biceps tenodesis
- Spinal decompression
- Spinal fusions
- Spinal surgery
- Stress views
- Tendon repair
- Tennis/golfer's elbow treatment
- Thumb arthritis surgery
- Toe deformity correction
- Toe replacement
- Trapeziectomy for thumb base osteoarthritis, ganglion and tumour excision in the hand and wrist
- Triangular fibrocartilage complex surgery wrist

- Trigger finger and trigger thumb release
- Ulnar nerve release
- Ultrasound injection
- Wrist replacement
- Zadeks (toe nail removal)

Pain Management

- Cervical facet joints blocks, including atlanto-occipital joint block
- Epidural
- Facet joint injections
- Ganglion block
- Iliopsoas muscle block
- Intramuscular block
- Intraoral alveolar nerves and mandibular nerve block
- Nerve block
- Paravertebral block
- Piriformis block
- Radiofrequency treatment of spinal and peripheral joints
- Sacral injections
- Sphenopalatine ganglion block
- Sympathectomy block
- Trigeminal nerve block

Physiotherapy

- Extracorporeal Shockwave Therapy
- Acupuncture
- Orthotics

Respiratory Medicine

- Asthma management
- Chest x-ray
- COPD management
- CT chest
- CT fluoroscopy guided chest lump biopsy
- Lung function tests
- US guided pleural aspiration

Urology

- Biopsy
- Circumcision
- Cystoscopy
- Cystoscopy and bladder biopsy
- Endoscopic examination of the ureter (ureteroscopy)
- Endoscopic incision of outlet of male bladder
- Endoscopic insertion of ureteric stent (prosthesis)
- Endoscopic retrograde pyelogram

- Epididymal cyst
- HoLEP
- Hydrocele repair
- Injection of intra-vesical botulinum toxin for treatment of urge urinary incontinence
- Insertion of testicular prosthesis
- Insertion/removal of catheter
- Litholapaxy (kidney stones)
- Nesbitt's procedure (correction of Peyronie's Disease Penile Deformity)
- Orchidectomy (removal of testicle)
- Preputioplasty
- Removal of prostate (transurethral removal of prostate)
- Resection of bladder tumours (TURBT)
- Sub-urethral sling for treatment of stress incontinence
- Therapeutic injection into bladder neck for treatment of stress incontinence
- Trans-urethral resection of bladder tumour (TURBT)
- Ultrasound prostate biopsy
- Urethral dilation
- Varicocele repair
- Vasectomy
- Vasectomy reversal
- Vasectomy reversal - microsurgical

Appendix 2

